**Part 1**

What ***git*** command creates a branch?

* Git checkout -b

What is the difference between a fast-forward and recursive merge?

* So fast forwards are only happening when there have not been commits on the original branch, while the new branch is being worked on.

What ***git*** command changes to another branch?

* Git checkout

What ***git*** command deletes a branch?

* Git branch -D

How do merge conflicts happen?

* This occurs when Git cannot determine or locate what filer/ folder to choose when merging since there have been different commits with changes to the same file.